



# Ensemble forecast of floods using numerical weather predictions

David E. Robertson, James Bennett, Durgal Lal Shrestha, Ming Li, Yong Song, Q.J. Wang

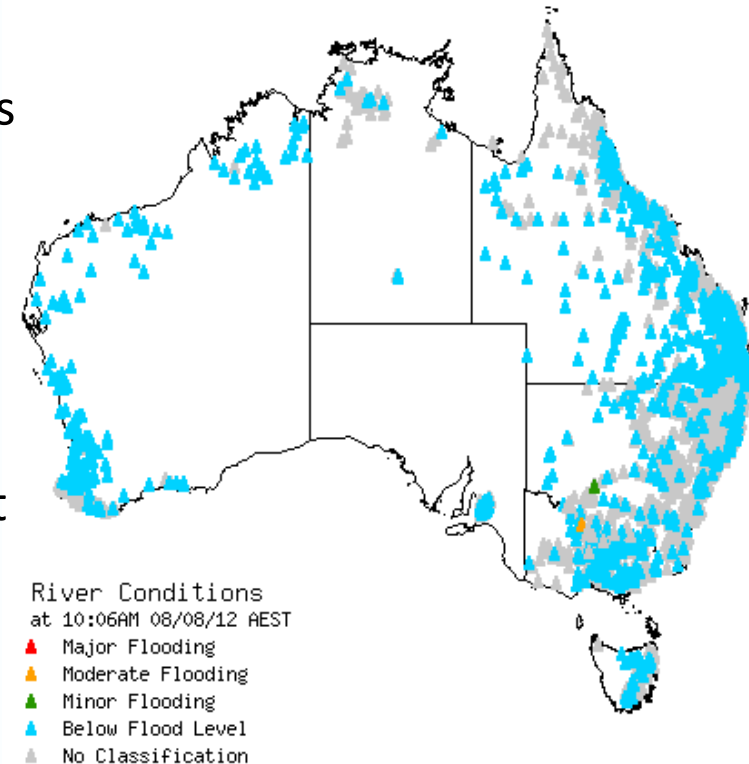
November 2015

[www.csiro.au](http://www.csiro.au)

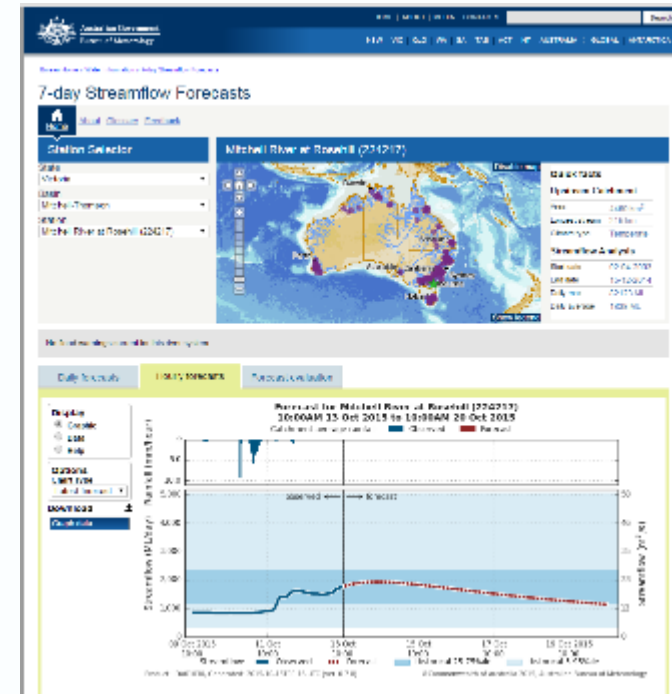
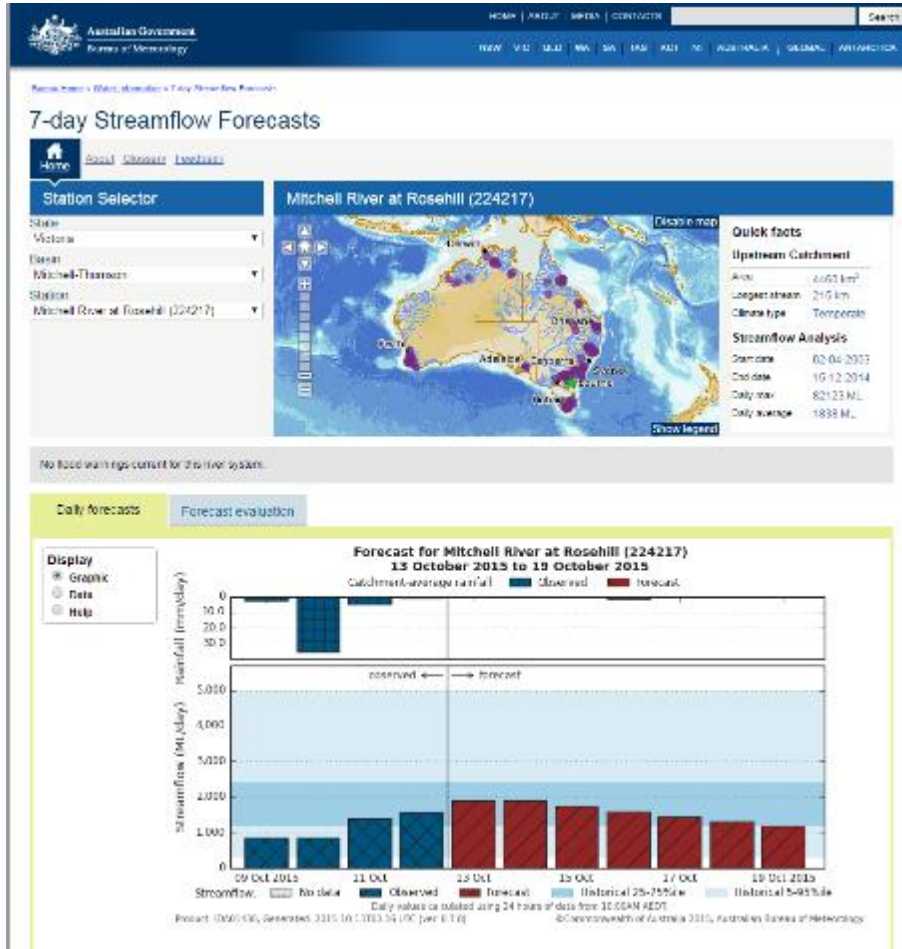
LAND AND WATER

# Flood and streamflow forecasting in Australia

- Existing forecasting services
  - Forecast flood events
  - Event models at sub-daily time steps
  - Ad hoc use of Numerical Weather Predictions
  - Labour intensive
- Desired forecasting services
  - Forecast entire hydrograph out to 7-10 days
  - Continuous hydrological modelling
  - Routine use of Australian NWP model output
  - Quantify forecast uncertainty
  - Build on existing service and infrastructure
  - Automation



# 7-day streamflow forecasts (www.bom.gov.au/water/7daystreamflow)



# An end-user's case for ensemble forecasts

(Environmental flow manager)

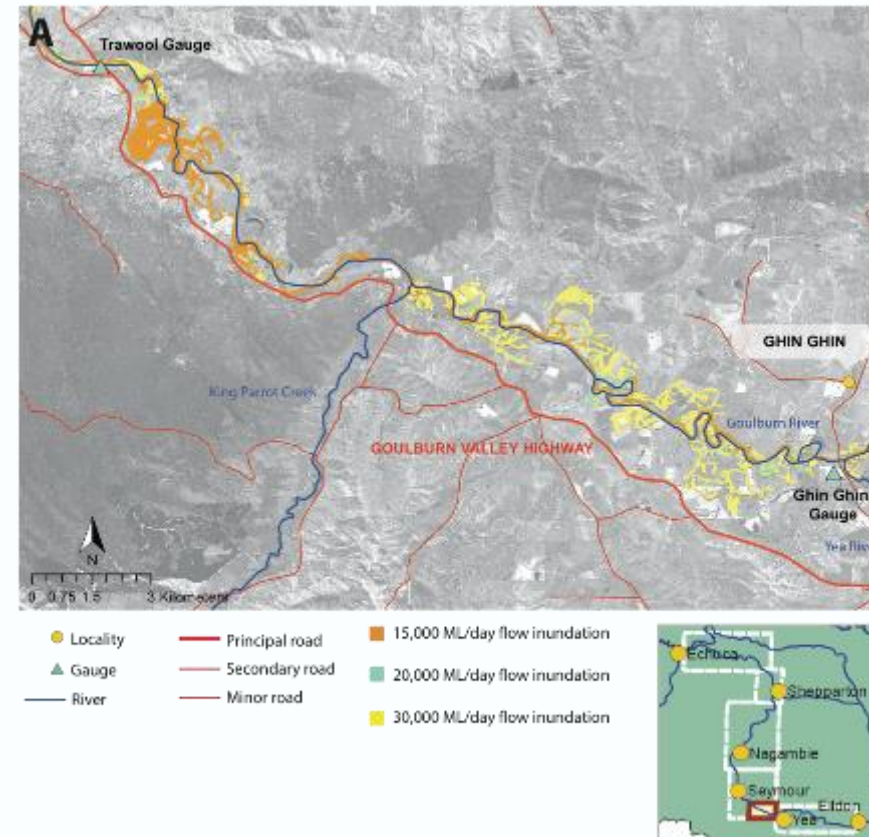
7-day forecasts will allow:

- “understand *risk* of catchment runoff at time of release”
- “manage flooding *risk*”

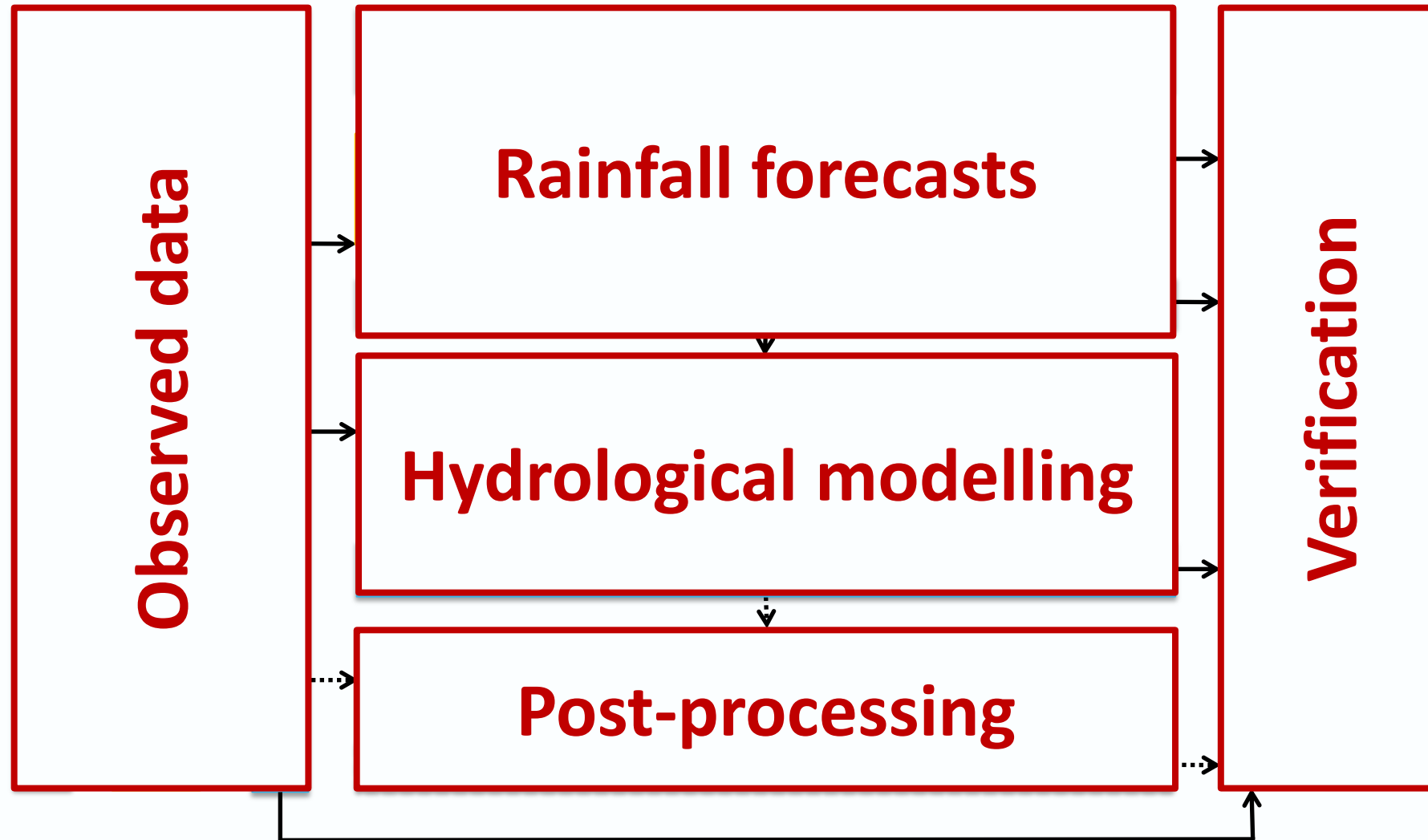
Risk = likelihood × consequence

“Good handle on consequences”

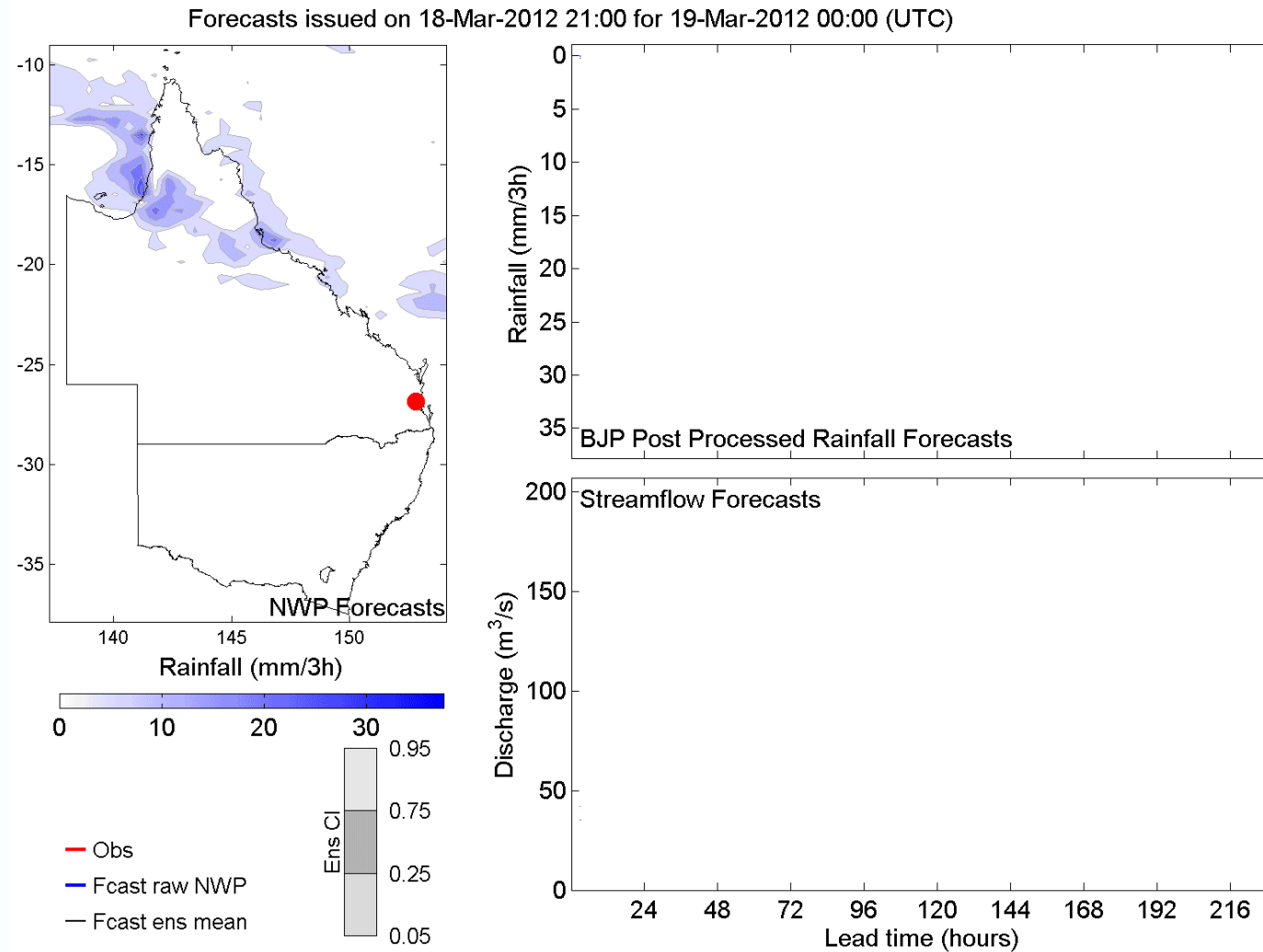
A deterministic service only gives an expected flow scenario and not likelihood of different scenarios



# Ensemble forecasting framework



# Streamflow forecasts - putting it all together



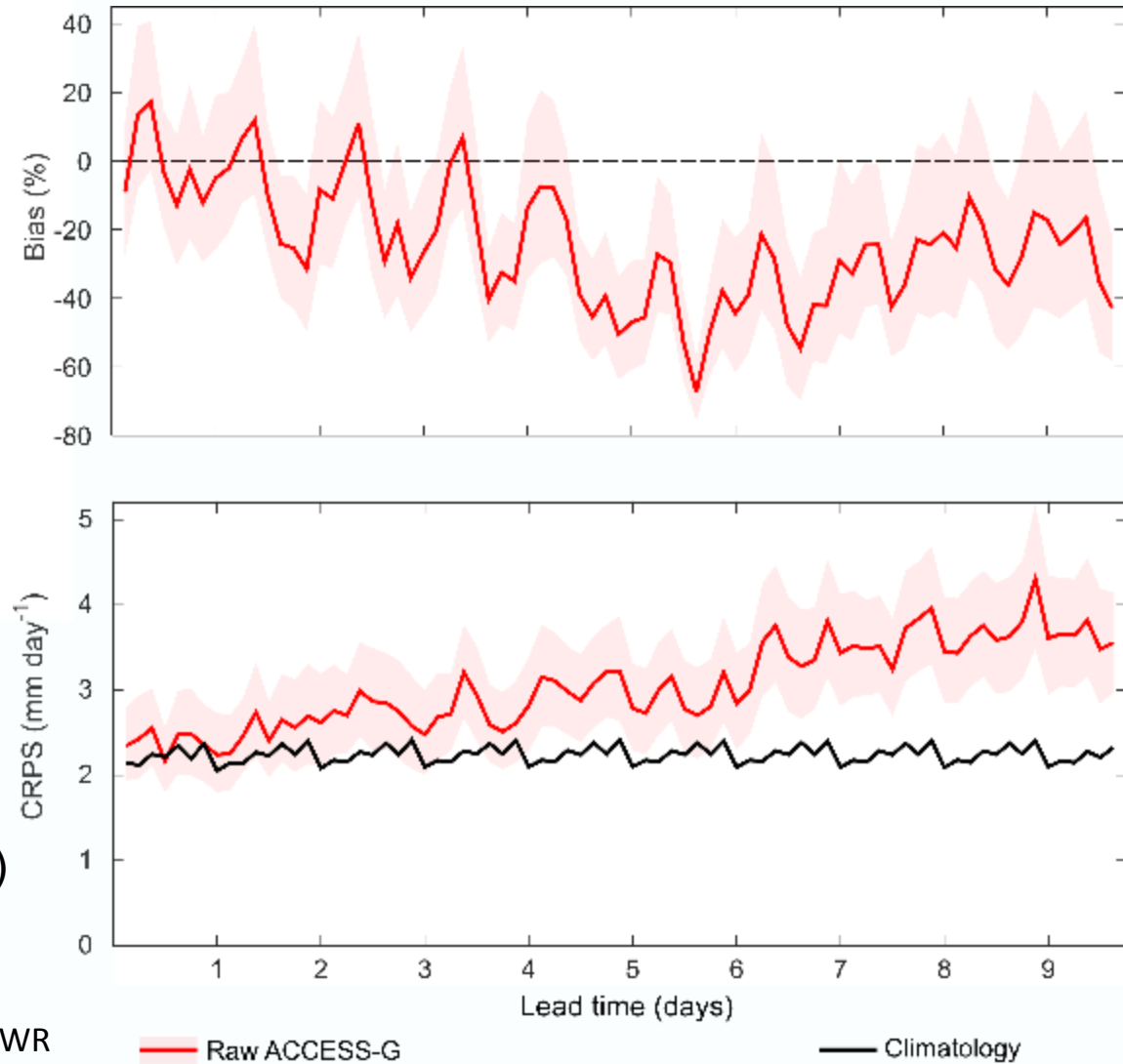
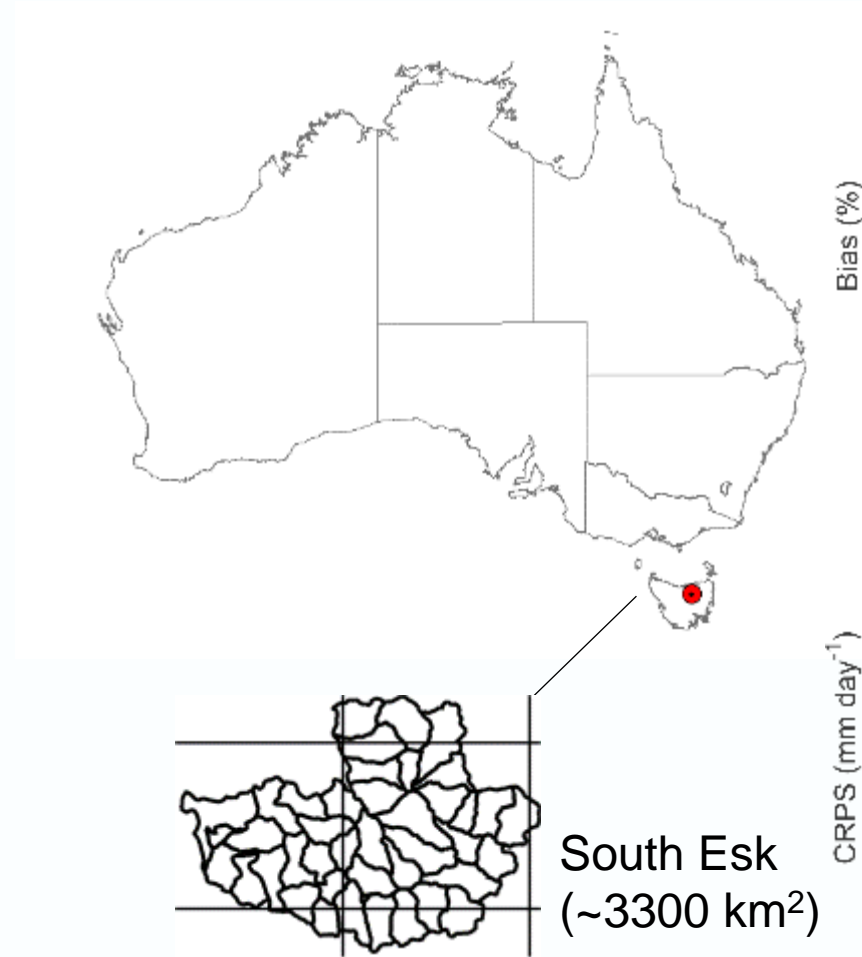
# Forecast system components

- **Observed data**
  - Adapted from existing flood forecasting service
- **Rainfall forecasts**
  - RPP (Bayesian rainfall post-processor)
- **Runoff and routing models**
  - Semi-distributed; GR4J, Muskingum ...
- **Hydrological error**
  - Dual pass error correction (Pagano, Wang, Hapuarachchi, Robertson, 2011, JoH)
- **Verification**
  - Cross validation scheme

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# Rainfall forecasts



Shrestha, Robertson, Bennett, Wang (2015) MWR

# Rainfall forecast post-processing

(Robertson, Shrestha, Wang, 2013, HESS)

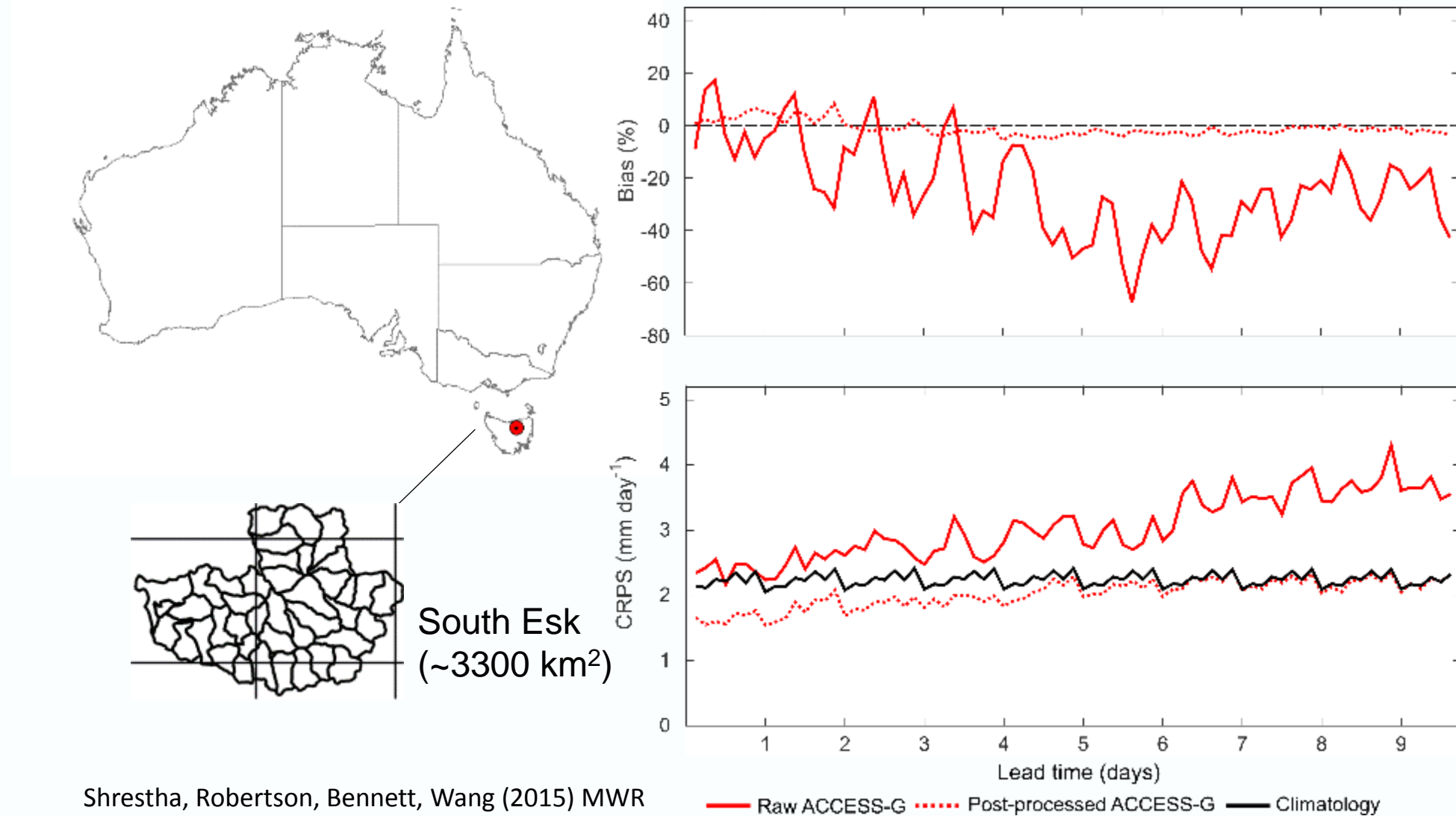
## Step 1: Correct biases and quantify uncertainty

- Modified Bayesian joint probability (BJP) model
  - Log-sinh transformation (Wang, Shrestha, Robertson, Pokhrel, 2012, WRR)
  - Treatment of zero data
  - Continuous bivariate normal distribution

## Step 2: Instill temporal and spatial patterns

- Schaake Shuffle (Clark, Gangopadhyay, Hay, Rajagopalan, Wilby, 2004, JHM)

# Rainfall forecast post-processing

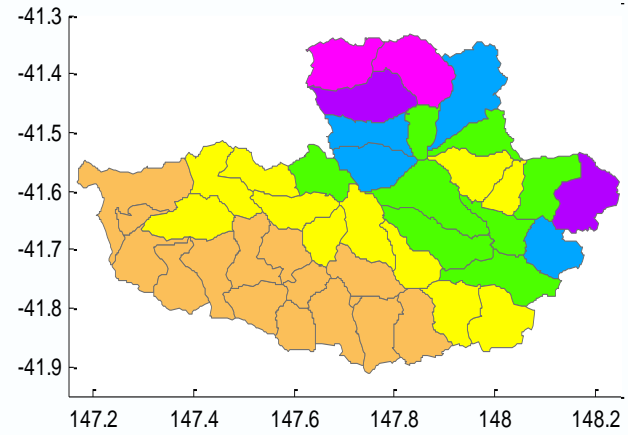


Shrestha, Robertson, Bennett, Wang (2015) MWR

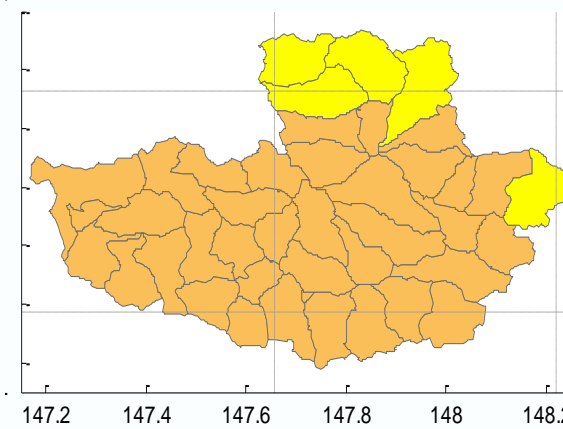
# Rainfall forecast post-processing – spatial effects



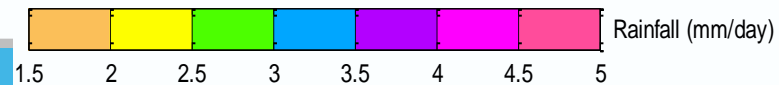
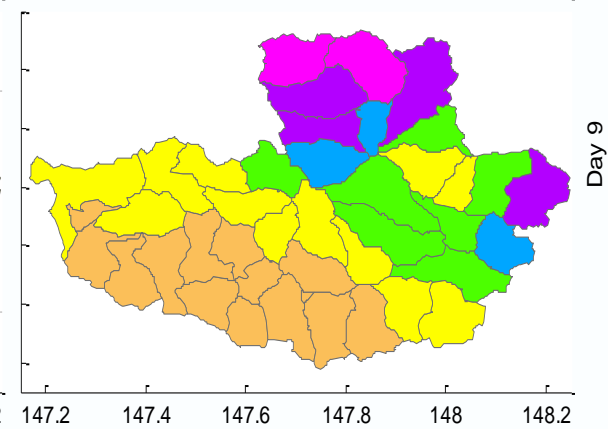
Observations



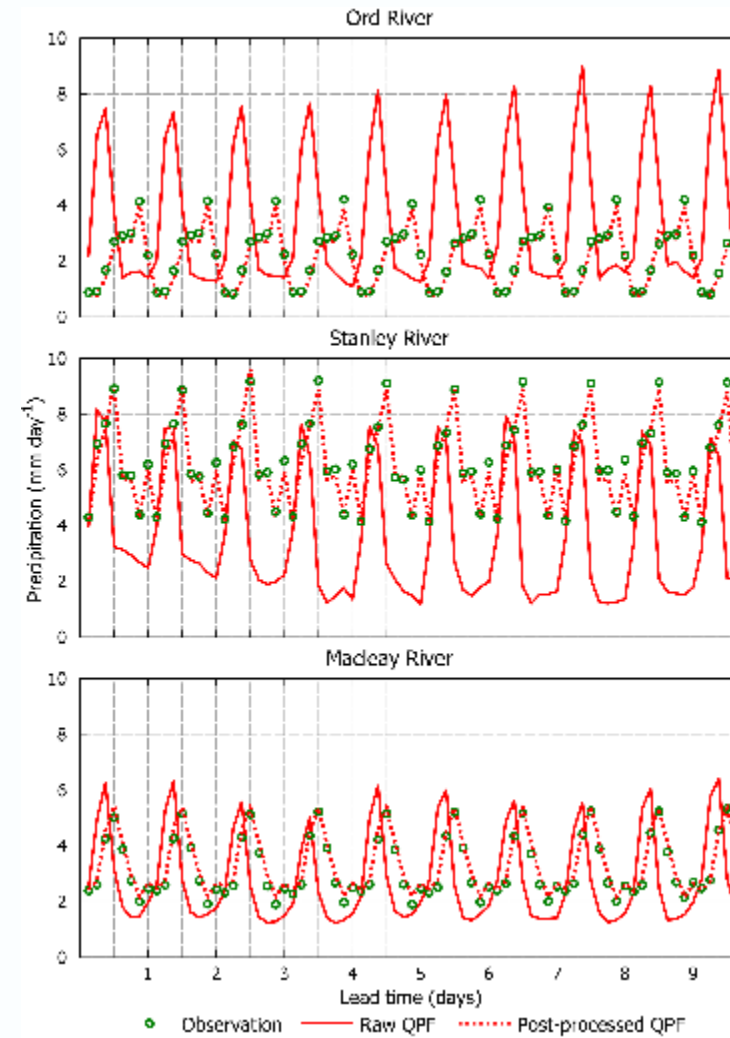
Raw ACCESS-G



Post-processed ACCESS-G



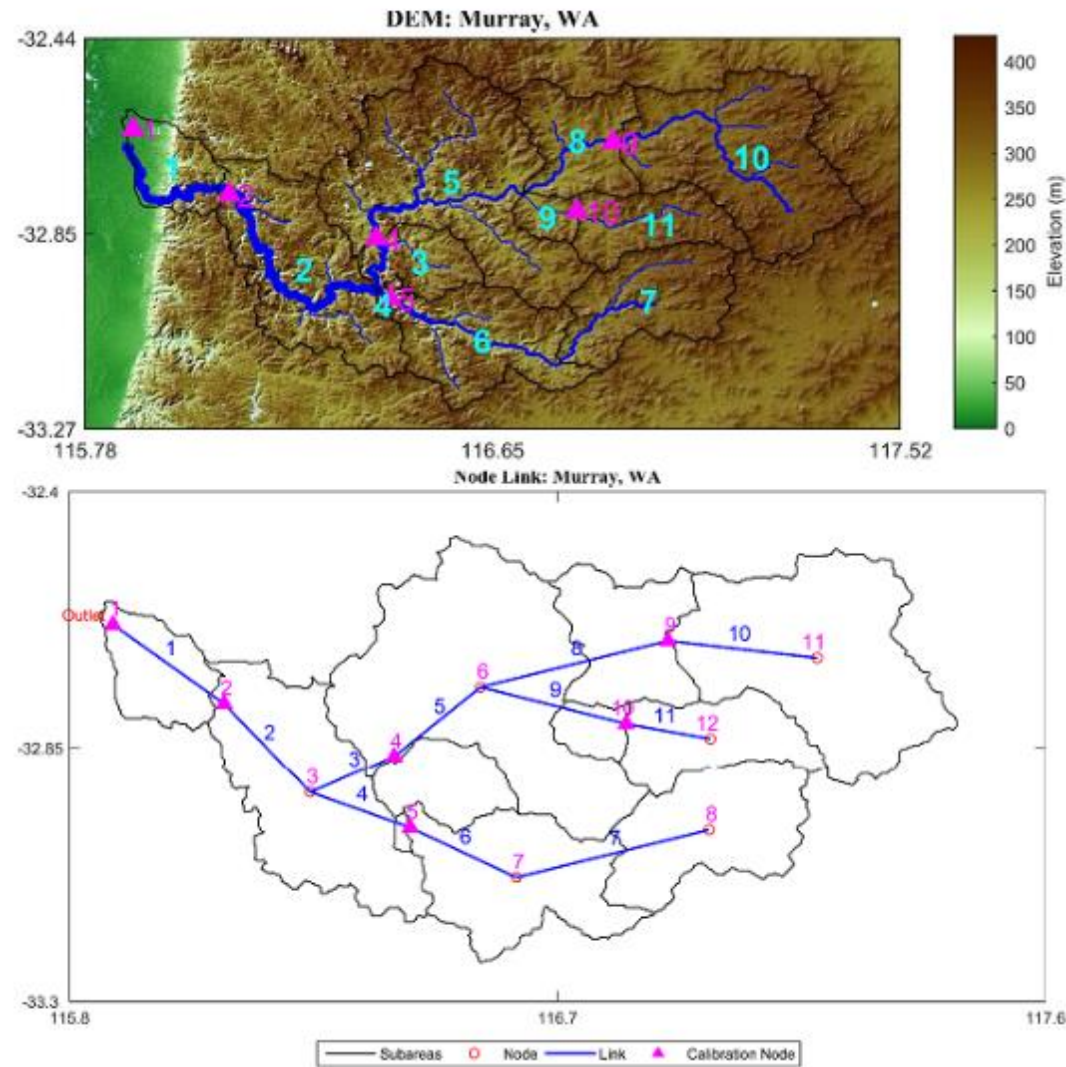
# Rainfall forecast post-processing – diurnal effects



# Generation of streamflow forecasts

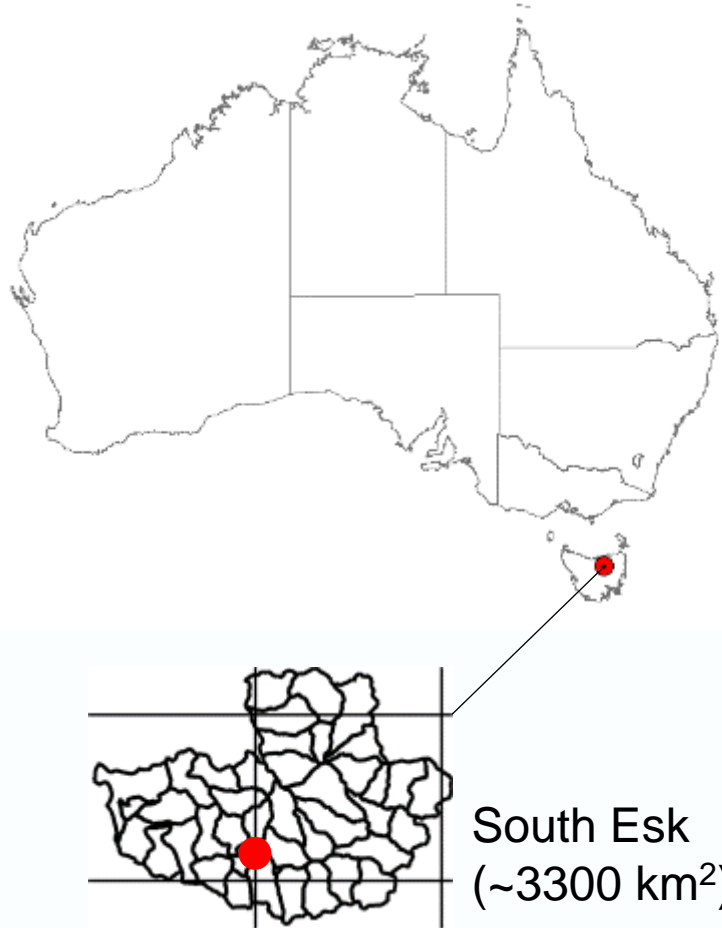
- Model calibration
- Spinning up model
- Producing ensemble streamflow forecasts using ensemble rainfall forecasts
- Updating streamflow forecasts

# Generation of streamflow forecasts

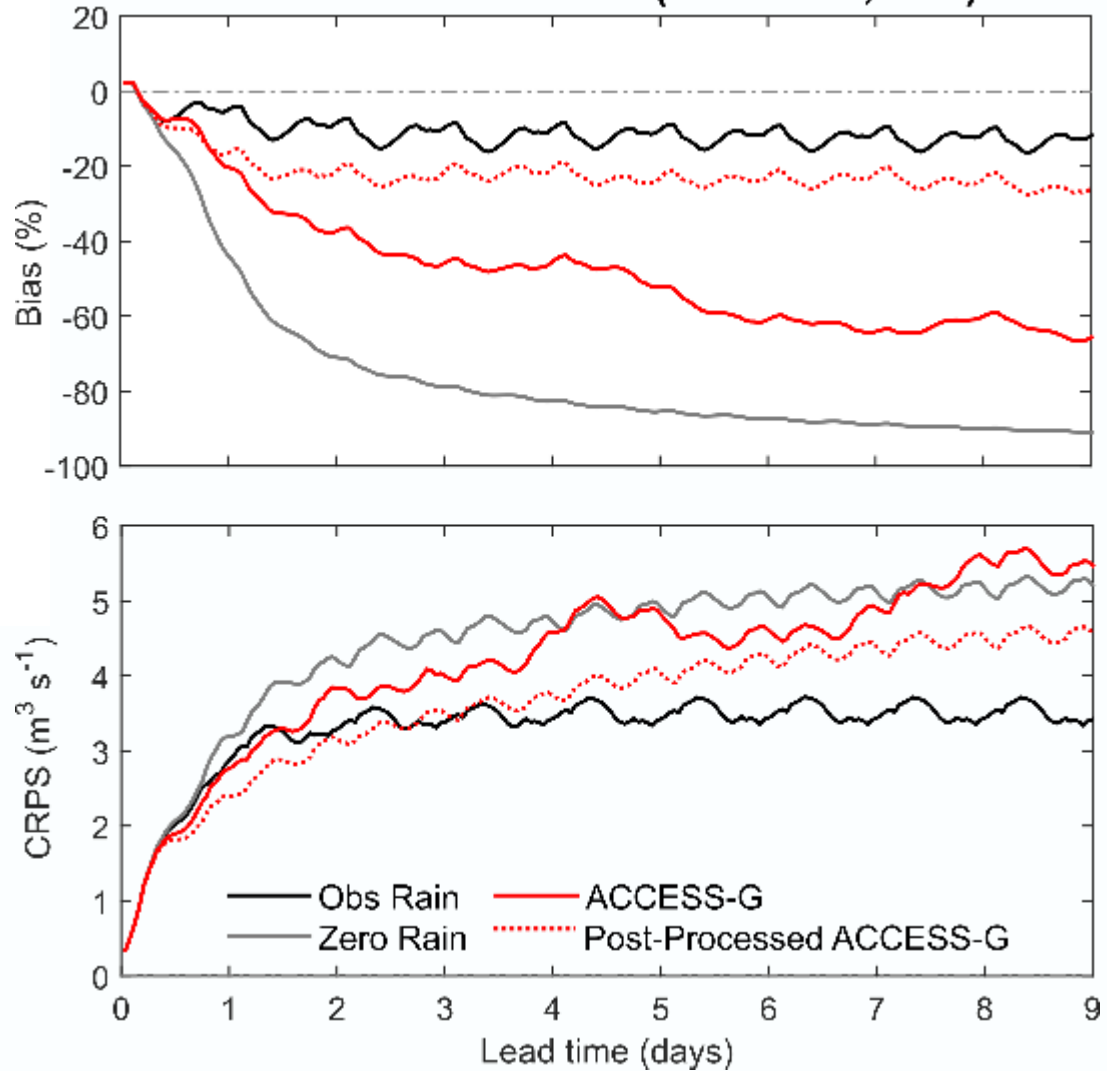


Bennett, Robertson, Shrestha, Wang, Enever, Hapuarachchi, Tuteja (2014) JoH

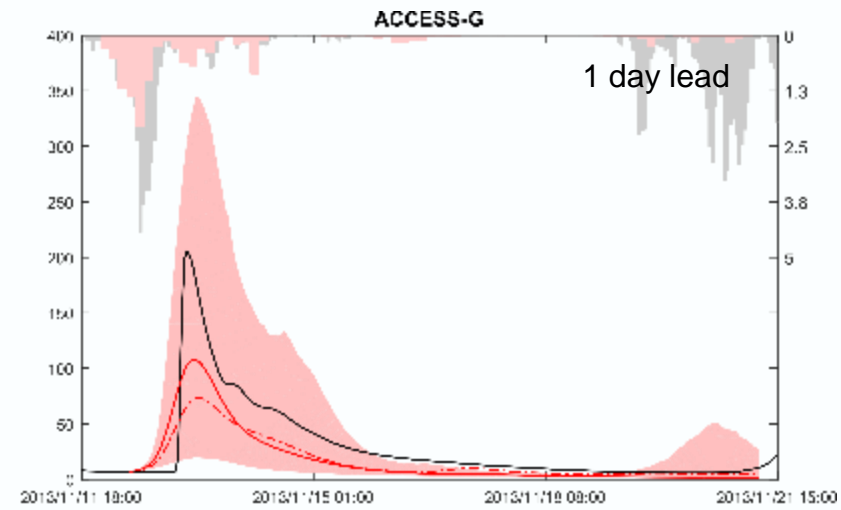
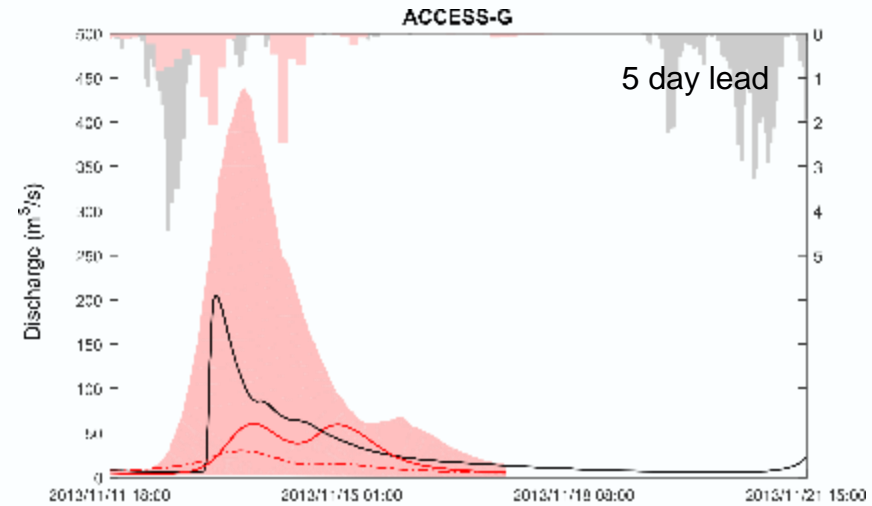
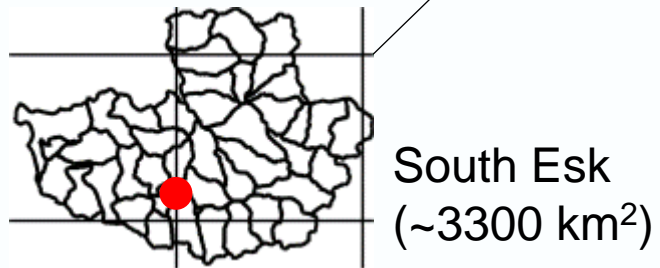
# Performance of streamflow forecasts



St. Pauls R a/b Avoca (South Esk, TAS)

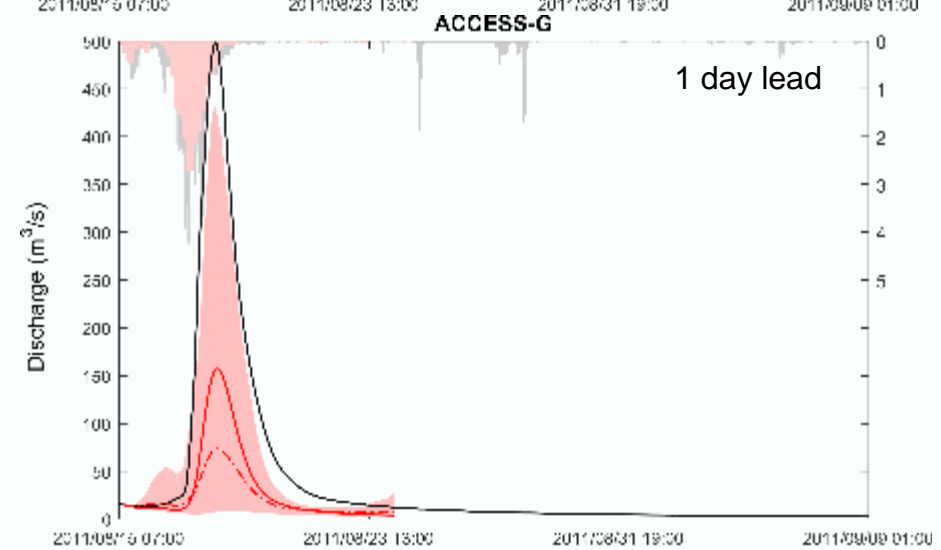
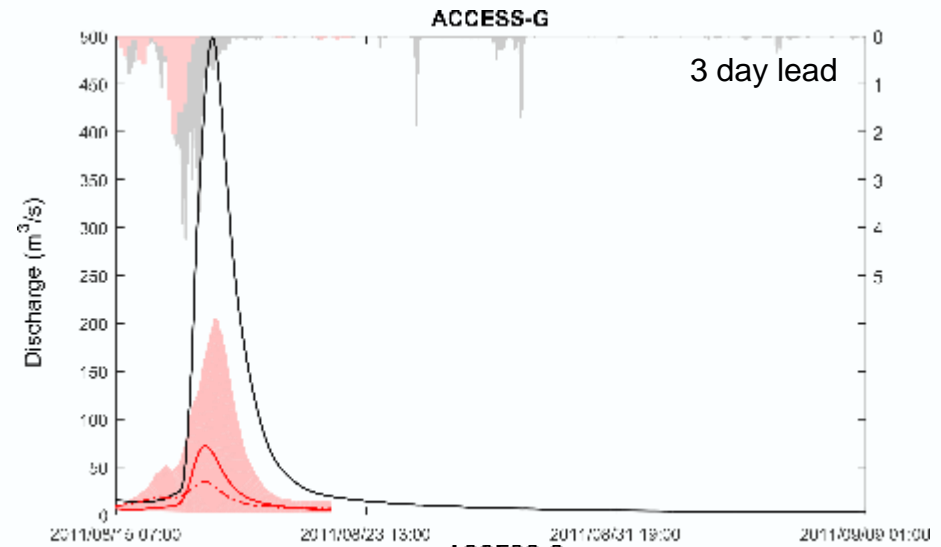
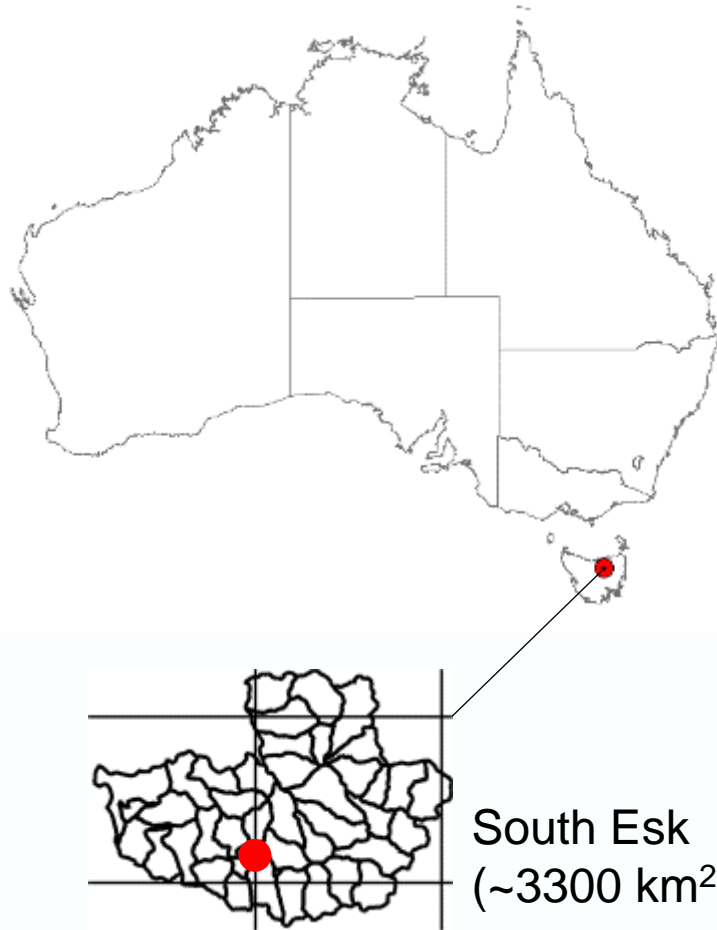


# Flood forecasts (St. Pauls River a/b Avoca)



— Obs — Raw - - - Post-processed Fns mean █ Post-processed Fns 90% Intervals

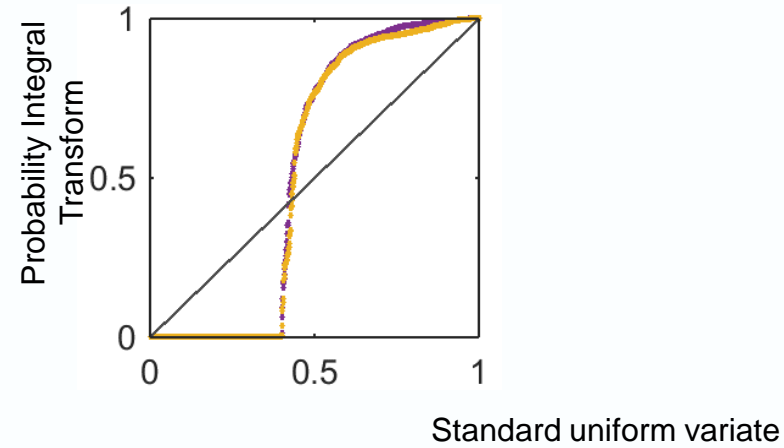
# Flood forecasts (St. Pauls River a/b Avoca)



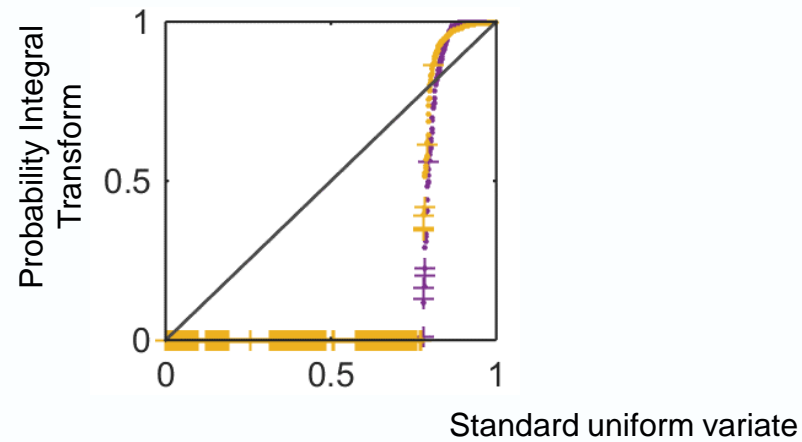
— Obs — Raw - - - Post-processed Ens mean ■ Post-processed Ens 90% Intervals

# Streamflow forecast reliability

**Tully River @ 12 hr lead  
(Perennial river)**



**Ord River @ 12 hr lead  
(Ephemeral river)**



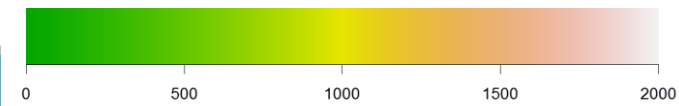
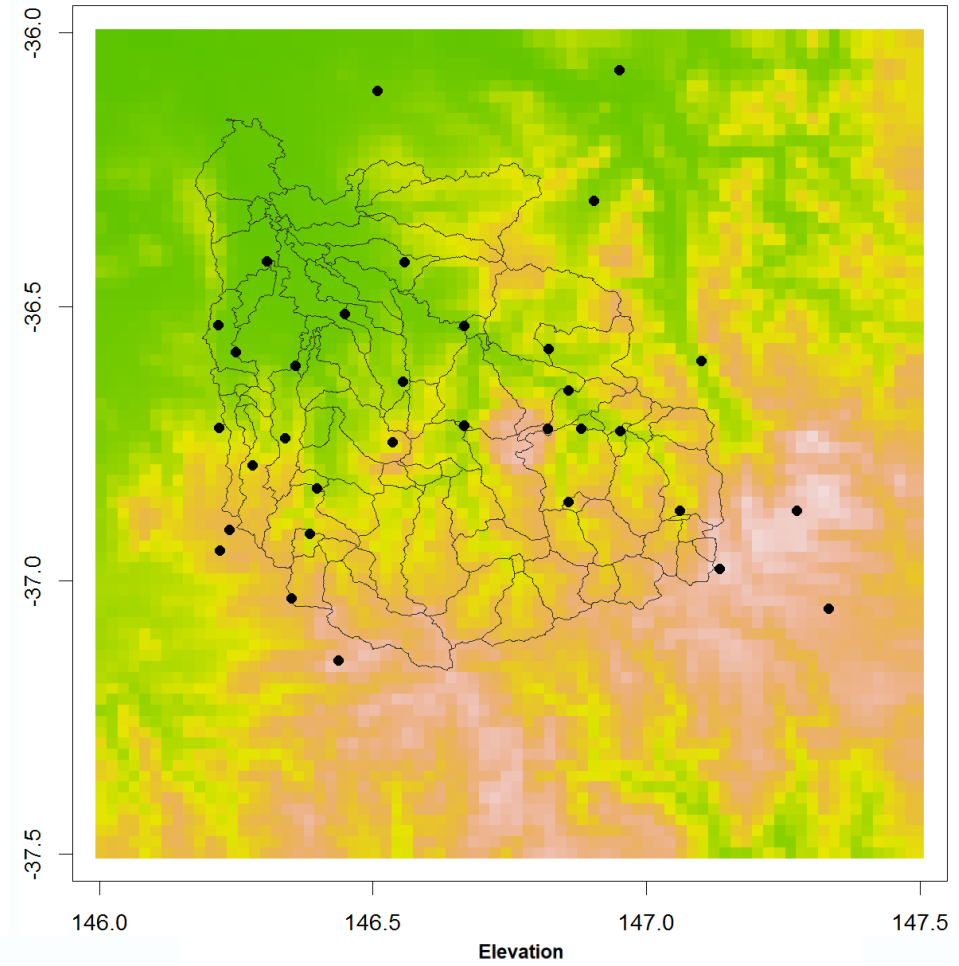
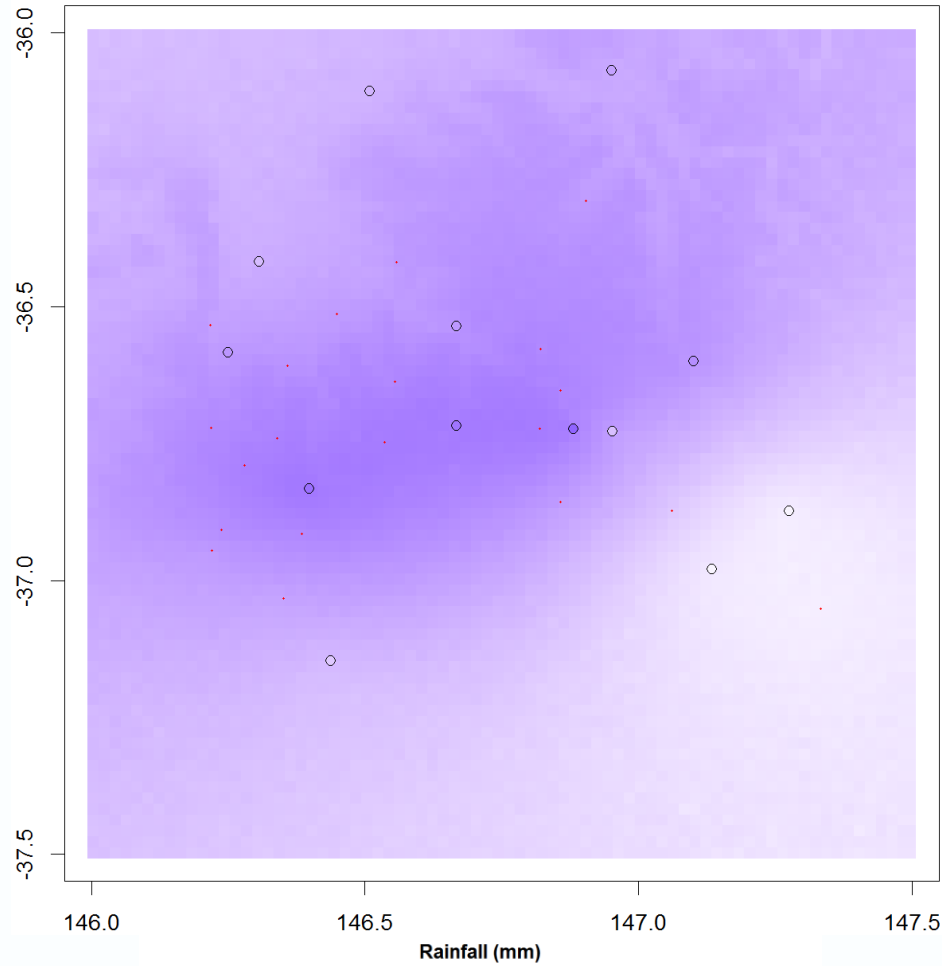
# Current work to improve forecast accuracy

Better rainfall observations

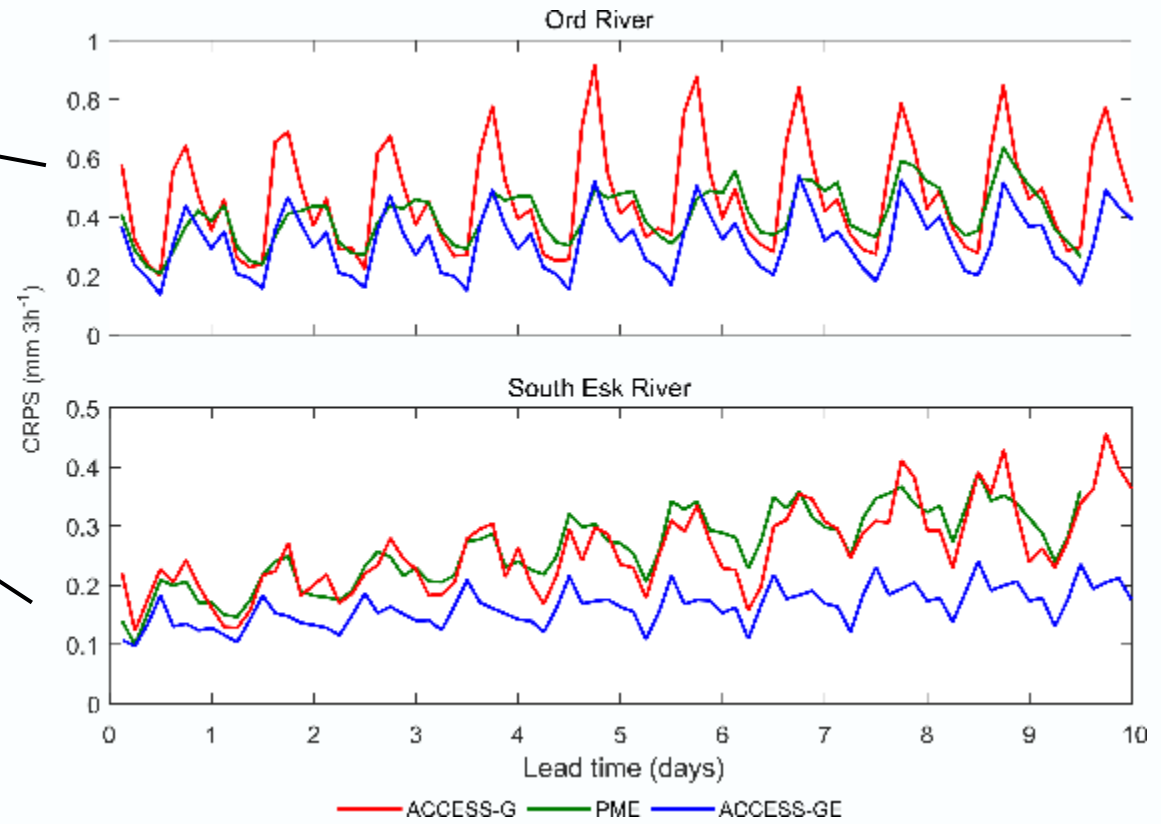
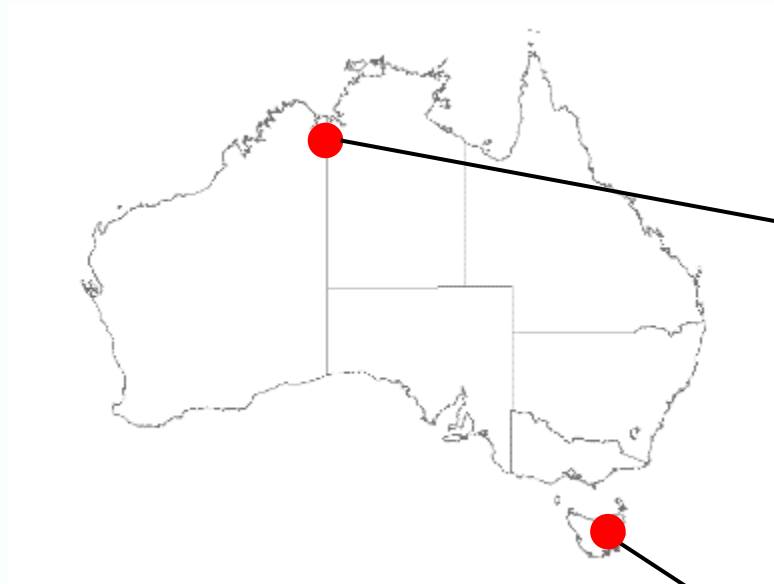
Alternative rainfall forecasts

Improved modelling of hydrological errors

# Catchment rainfall estimation using ESDIIM



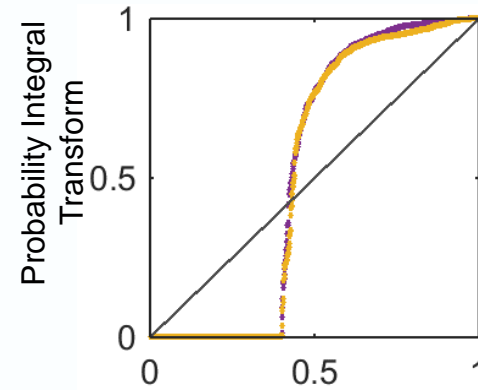
# Alternative rainfall forecasts



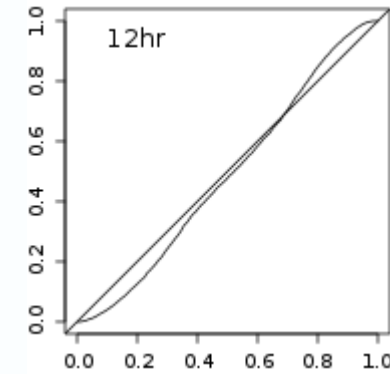
# Improved hydrological error modelling

**Tully River @ 12 hr lead  
(Perennial river)**

**Dual-pass error model**

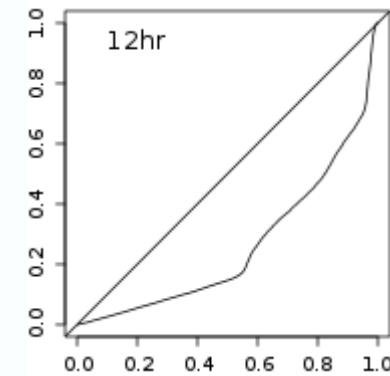
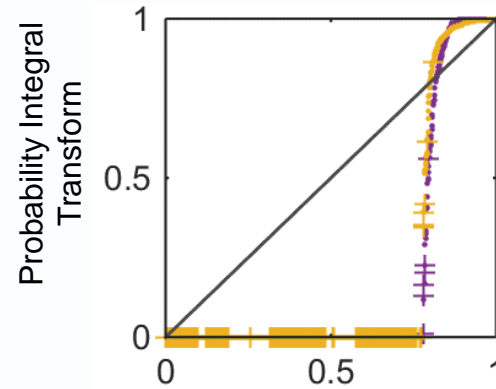


**ERRIS**



Standard uniform variate

**Ord River @ 12 hr lead  
(Ephemeral river)**



Standard uniform variate

# Summary

**Ensemble forecasting methods support risk-based planning**

**Rainfall forecasts from NWP models contain errors**

**Post-processing can reduce forecast errors and quantify forecast uncertainty**

**Reliably representing forecast uncertainty requires:**

- Ensemble rainfall forecasts
- Modelling of hydrological model errors

**Many avenues to forecast accuracy**

# HEPEX

a community of research and practice to advance  
hydrologic ensemble prediction



## Upcoming activities

- MODSIM 2015 – Gold Coast, Australia, 29/11 – 6/12
- 2015 AGU Fall meeting – San Francisco, USA, 14/12 – 18/12
- AOGS 2016 – Beijing, China, 31/7 – 5/8

**2016 HEPEX Workshop**  
Ensemble for better hydrological forecasts

June 6 to 8, 2016  
Université Laval  
Québec, Canada

The poster features a background image of a flooded street with firefighters in the foreground. At the bottom, there are logos for Institut EDS, FloodNet, and Hydro Québec.

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