



Favorable Environmental Conditions Forecast for the Incidence of Crop Pest Using Al

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Directory of Agrometeorology

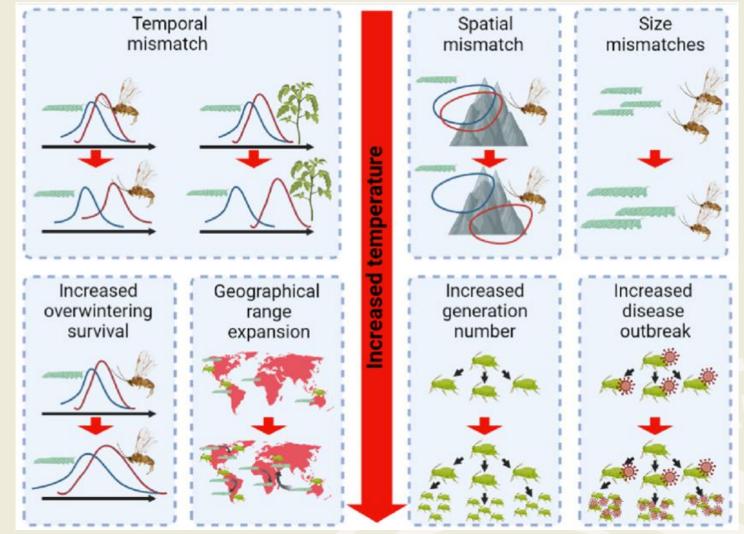


Why do we study insect pests?



Crop **pests** and diseases are responsible for losses of **20%** to **40%** of annual global food production. *Source: FAO 2019*

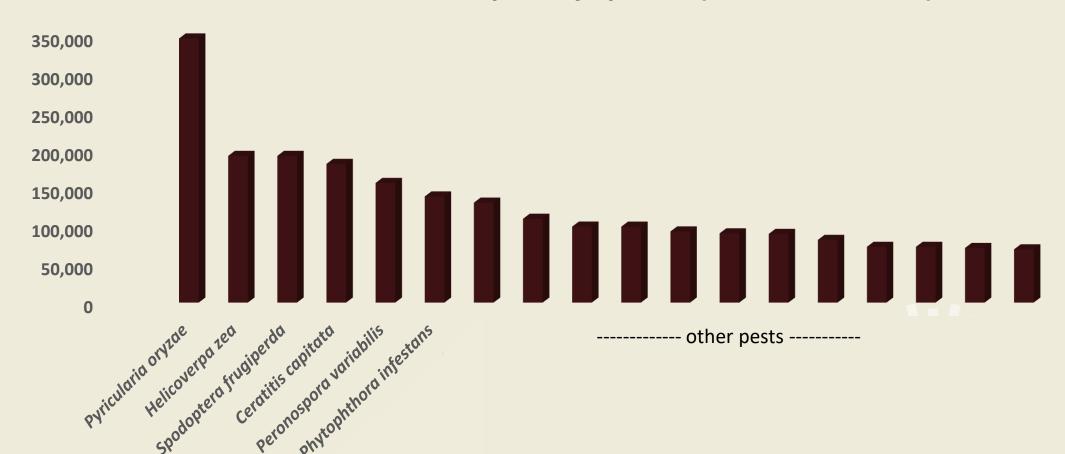
Effect of increased temperature on insect pests



Source: Subedi et al., 2023

Impact of pests on economy

Loss due to the effect of pest by species (thousands of S/.)



Source: MIDAGRI 2015

How are pests monitored and evaluated?



CONVENTIONAL EVALUATION

How are pests monitored and evaluated?



SMART INSECT TRAPS

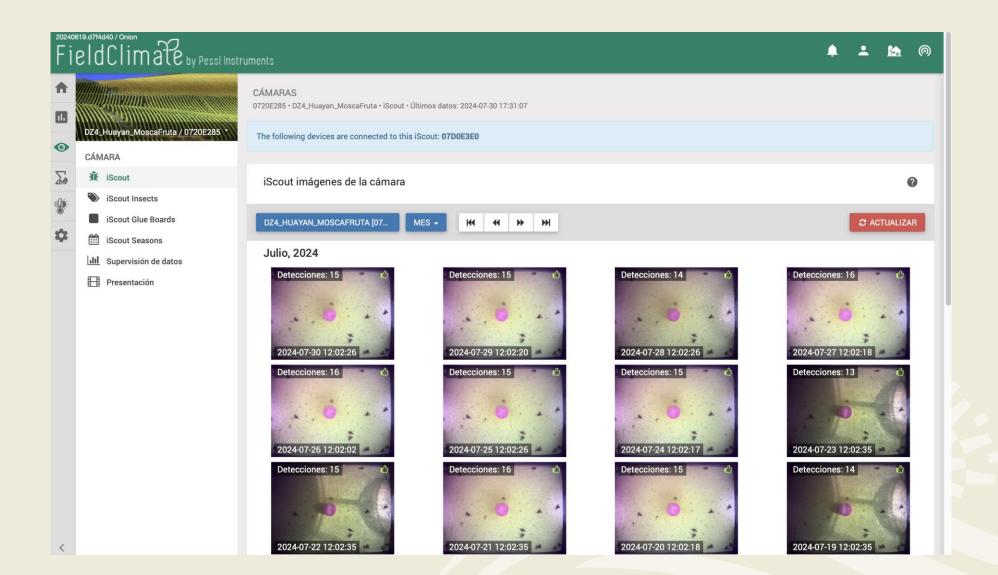
Remote pest monitoring



Smart insect traps located in coastal and andean region of Perú.



Remote pest monitoring

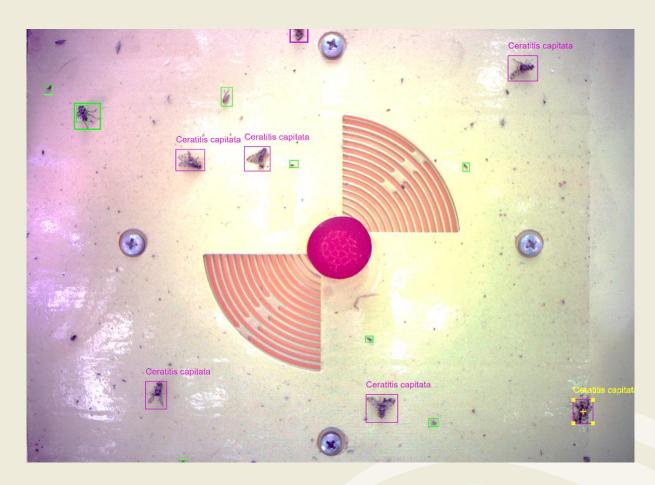


Pest identification using Al



Motupe - Lambayeque

Pest identification using Al



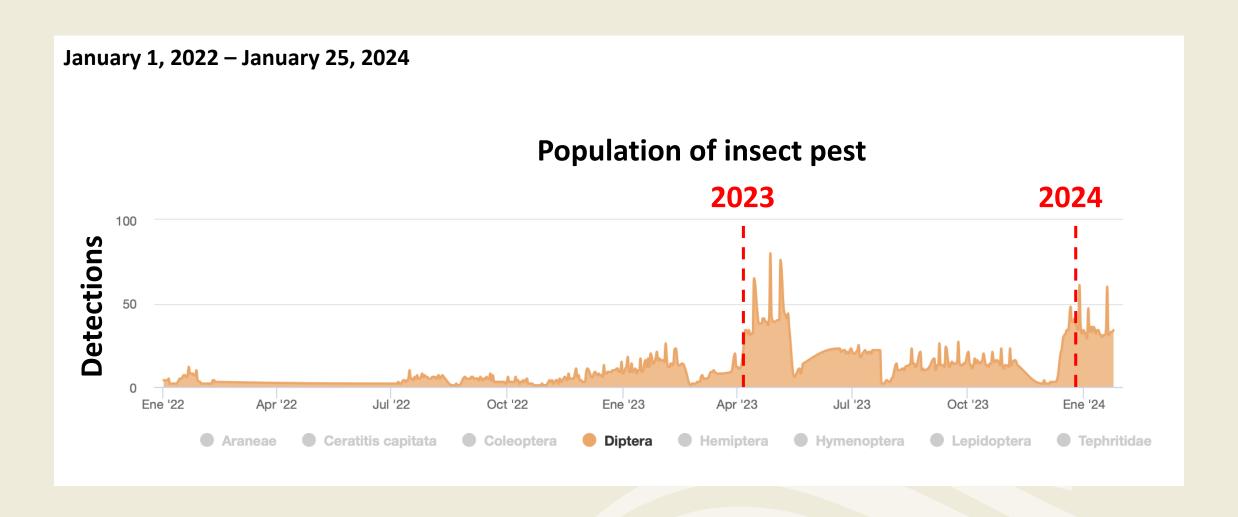
Huayan - Lima

Pest identification using Al



Illpa - Puno

Insect Pest Population Dynamic



Monitoring for Mediterranean fruit fly



Fruit fly (*Ceratitis capitata*) can cause damage to more than **250** fruit and vegetable species and cause more than **40%** of production losses; in addition to restricting access to international markets.





1) Pest monitoring and agrometeorology data





2) Process data and apply the model

Degree days model based on Tassan et al., 1982



3) Daily Risk Maps









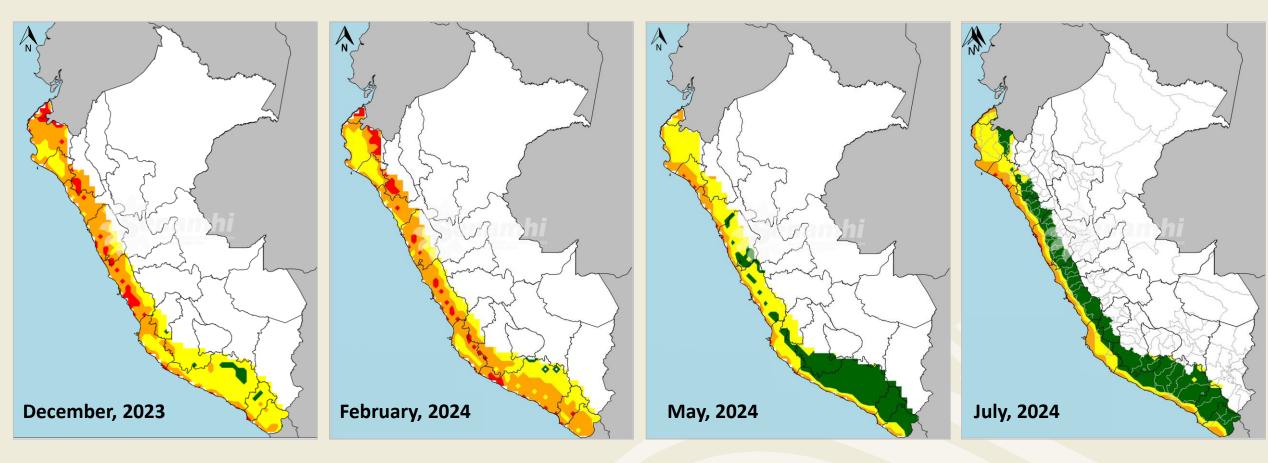






Larvae

3) Spatial Risk Maps



Publication in different platforms













